\* \* \* \* STN Columbus FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:52:23 ON 20 DEC 2004 => file biosis medline caplus wpids uspatfull COST IN U.S. DOLLARS SINCE FILE TOTAL ENTRY SESSION FULL ESTIMATED COST 0.21 0.21 FILE 'BIOSIS' ENTERED AT 11:52:45 ON 20 DEC 2004 Copyright (c) 2004 The Thomson Corporation. FILE 'MEDLINE' ENTERED AT 11:52:45 ON 20 DEC 2004 FILE 'CAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:52:45 ON 20 DEC 2004 USE IS SUBJECT TO THE TERMS OF YOUR STN CUSTOMER AGREEMENT. PLEASE SEE "HELP USAGETERMS" FOR DETAILS. COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) FILE 'WPIDS' ENTERED AT 11:52:45 ON 20 DEC 2004 COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 THE THOMSON CORPORATION FILE 'USPATFULL' ENTERED AT 11:52:45 ON 20 DEC 2004 CA INDEXING COPYRIGHT (C) 2004 AMERICAN CHEMICAL SOCIETY (ACS) \*\*\* YOU HAVE NEW MAIL \*\*\* => s detect? (5a) polymorphism? 4 FILES SEARCHED... 24950 DETECT? (5A) POLYMORPHISM? => s l1 and probes 7862 L1 AND PROBES => s 12 and hybridization 6056 L2 AND HYBRIDIZATION => s 13 and intensities 671 L3 AND INTENSITIES => s 14 and upstream 354 L4 AND UPSTREAM => s 15 and downstream 307 L5 AND DOWNSTREAM => s 16 and third (4a) probes L742 L6 AND THIRD (4A) PROBES => dup rem 17 PROCESSING COMPLETED FOR L7 42 DUP REM L7 (0 DUPLICATES REMOVED) => d 18 bib abs 1-42 ANSWER 1 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN L82004:299170 USPATFULL ANTIPolymorphic markers of prostate carcinoma tumor antigen -1(PCTA-1)

IN

ΡI

Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE

A1 20041125

US 2004235037

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US 2004-856888
                               20040527 (10)
ΑI
                          A1
       Division of Ser. No. US 1999-326402, filed on 4 Jun 1999, GRANTED, Pat.
RLI
       No. US 6759192
       US 1998-88187P
                           19980605 (60)
PRAI
       US 1998-102324P
                           19980928 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, PO BOX
LREP
       142950, GAINESVILLE, FL, 32614-2950
       Number of Claims: 10
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       11 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 9908
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention concerns the geNo.mic sequence and cDNA sequences of the
AΒ
       PCTA-1 gene. The invention also concerns biallelic markers of the PCTA-1
       gene and the association established between these markers and prostate
       cancer. The invention provides means to determine the predisposition of
       individuals to prostate cancer as well as means for the diagNo.sis of
       prostate cancer and for the progNo.sis/detection of an eventual
       treatment response to agents acting against prostate cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 2 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
L8
AN
       2004:280265 USPATFULL
TΙ
       Oligonucleotides useful for detecting and analyzing nucleic acids of
       interest
IN
       Kauppinen, Sakari, Smorum, DENMARK
       Alsbo, Carsten, Koge, DENMARK
       Nielsen, Peter S., Birkerod, DENMARK
       Jeffares, Daniel C., Kobenhavn N, DENMARK
       Mourier, Tobias, Kobenhavn N, DENMARK
       Mork, Soren, Valby, DENMARK
       Arctander, Peter, Askeby, DENMARK
       Tommerup, Niels, Albertslund, DENMARK
       Tolstrup, Niels, Klampenborg, DENMARK
       Vissing, Henrik, Virum, DENMARK
PI
       US 2004219565
                          Α1
                               20041104
      US 2003-690487
ΑI
                          Α1
                               20031021 (10)
       DK 2003-752
PRAI
                           20030519
       US 2002-420278P
                           20021021 (60)
DΤ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       CLARK & ELBING LLP, 101 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MA, 02110
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 184
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       48 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 14594
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention features improved nucleic acids and methods for expression
       profiling of mRNAs, identifying and profiling of particular mRNA splice
       variants, and detecting mutations, deletions, or duplications of
      particular exons or other splice variants, e.g., alterations associated
      with a disease such as cancer, in a nucleic acid sample, e.g., a
       biological sample or a patient sample.
```

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 3 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:210700 USPATFULL

TI PG-3 and biallelic markers thereof

```
Barry, Caroline, Les Ulis Cheptainville, FRANCE
IN
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
PΙ
       US 2004163137
                               20040819
                          A1
ΑI
       US 2004-468582
                          A1
                                20040315 (10)
       WO 2001-IB274
                               20010220
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
       Number of Claims: 13
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       4 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 14069
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The invention concerns the genomic sequence and cDNA sequences of the
       PG-3 gene. The invention also concerns biallelic markers of the PG-3
       gene. The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by the PG-3 gene.
       The invention also deals with antibodies directed specifically against
       such polypeptides that are useful as diagnostic reagents.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
rs
     ANSWER 4 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2004:120091 USPATFULL
ΑN
TI
       Schizophrenia-related voltage-gated ion channel gene and protein
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Simon, Anne-Marie, Paris, FRANCE
       Abderrahim, Hadi, Charenton le Pont, FRANCE
PΙ
       US 2004091497
                          A1
                               20040513
ΑI
       US 2003-433580
                               20031110 (10)
                          Α1
       WO 2001-IB2798
                               20011204
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
       Number of Claims: 23
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       5 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 15303
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       The invention concerns the genomic DNA, cDNA, and polypeptide sequences
       of CanIon, a voltage gated ion channel protein. The invention also
       concerns biallelic markers of the Canlon gene. The Canlon gene may be
       used as a biological target for the treatment and diagnosis of
       schizophrenia, bipolar disorder, and other diseases and conditions.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
rs
     ANSWER 5 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
ΑN
       2004:63747 USPATFULL
TΙ
       Obesity associated biallelic marker maps
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Paris, FRANCE
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le Penil, FRANCE
       Abderrahim, Hadi, Charenton le Pont, FRANCE
       Bihain, Bernard, Cancale, FRANCE
PΙ
       US 2004048265
                          A1
                               20040311
       US 2003-333429
ΑI
                          Α1
                               20030922 (10)
       WO 2001-IB1477
                               20010628
DT
       Utility
```

FS

APPLICATION.

SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W. LREP 41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669

Number of Claims: 57 CLMN ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 24 Drawing Page(s) DRWN

LN.CNT 11255

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to genomic maps comprising biallelic markers, new biallelic markers, and methods of using biallelic markers. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic markers are also provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides a number of methods utilizing the biallelic markers of the invention including methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 6 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN2004:50802 USPATFULL

ΤI Biallelic markers related to genes involved in drug metabolism

IN Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE Cohen, Annick, Paris, FRANCE

PΤ US 2004038231

Α1 20040226

US 2002-294934 20021114 (10) AΙ Α1

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-671317, filed on 27 Sep 2000, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6528260 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-536178, filed on 23 Mar 2000, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-IB403, filed on 24 Mar 2000, UNKNOWN

US 1999-126269P 19990325 (60) PRAI US 1999-131961P 19990430 (60)

Utility DT

APPLICATION FS

SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W. LREP 41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669

CLMN Number of Claims: 4 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN No Drawings

LN.CNT 10728

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from genes involved in the biotransformation of xenobiotics such as drugs and from genomic regions flanking those genes. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic markers are also provided. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 7 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN2004:31718 USPATFULL

ΤI Methods and compositions for inhibiting neoplastic cell growth

IN Yen, Frances, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Denison, Blake, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES

Duclert, Aymeric, Saint-Maur, FRANCE Bouqueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND Clusel, Catherine, Montreuil-sous-Bois, FRANCE Dumas Milne-Edwards, Jean-Baptiste, Paris, FRANCE Bihain, Bernard, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES Bour, Barbara, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES Ebbets-Reed, Dana, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES Salter-Cid, Luisa, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE (U.S. corporation) PA US 2004023860 A1 20040205 PΙ Α9 20041209 US 2004248780 US 2002-121034 20020411 (10) Α1 ΑI Division of Ser. No. US 2000-750580, filed on 28 Dec 2000, GRANTED, Pat. RLI No. US 6455280 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-599362, filed on 21 Jun 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-469099, filed on 21 Dec 1999, ABANDONED PRAI WO 2000-IB101 20000621 WO 1999-IB2058 19991220 US 1998-113686P 19981222 (60) US 1999-141032P 19990625 (60) DTUtility FS APPLICATION LREP John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San Diego, CA, 92121-1609 CLMN Number of Claims: 11 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN No Drawings LN.CNT 10944 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The invention provides the genomic sequence of GSSP-2, GSSP-2 cDNAs and AB GSSP-2 polypeptides. Further the invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from the GSSP-2 gene and from genomic regions flanking the gene. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid molecule containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype. The invention also concerns methods and compositions for killing neoplastic cells or inhibiting neoplastic cell growth. In particular, the present invention concerns cell proliferation arresting/inhibiting and apoptosis/necrosis inducing compositions and methods for the treatment of tumors. The present invention is directed to novel polypeptides and to nucleic acid molecules encoding those polypeptides. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. 1.8 ANSWER 8 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN AN 2004:24652 USPATFULL TIDetection of nucleic acid reactions on bead arrays Gunderson, Kevin, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES IN Stuelpnagel, John R., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES US 2004018491 PΙ 20040129 Α1 AΤ US 2001-45575 A1 20011026 (10) PRAI US 2000-244119P 20001026 (60) DТ Utility FS APPLICATION LREP David C. Foster, Suite 3400, Four Embarcadero Center, San Francisco, CA,

94111-4187

CLMN ECL Number of Claims: 14

Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 38 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 7222

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention is directed to methods and compositions for the use of microsphere arrays to detect and quantify a number of nucleic acid reactions. The invention finds use in genotyping, i.e. the determination of the sequence of nucleic acids, particularly alterations such as nucleotide substitutions (mismatches) and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). Similarly, the invention finds use in the detection and quantification of a nucleic acid target using a variety of amplification techniques, including both signal amplification and target amplification. The methods and compositions of the invention can be used in nucleic acid sequencing reactions as well. All applications can include the use of adapter sequences to allow for universal arrays.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 9 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:7350 USPATFULL

TI Biallelic markers for use in constructing a high density disequilibrium map of the human genome

IN Cohen, Daniel, Neuilly-Sur-Seine, FRANCE Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE

PI US 2004005584 A1 20040108

AI US 2003-349143 A1 20030121 (10)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-422978, filed on 20 Oct 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6537751 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-298850, filed on 21 Apr 1999, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-IB822, filed on 21 Apr 1999, UNKNOWN

PRAI US 1998-82614P 19980421 (60) US 1998-109732P 19981123 (60)

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W. 41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669

CLMN Number of Claims: 78 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 18 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 12734

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to genomic maps comprising biallelic markers, new biallelic markers, and methods of using biallelic markers. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic markers are also provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides a number of methods utilizing the biallelic markers of the invention including methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 10 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2004:301954 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids encoding human TBC-1 protein and polymorphic markers thereof

IN Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
PA Genset S.A., FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)

```
PΙ
       US 6825004
                               20041130
                          B1
       WO 2000008209 20000217
       US 2001-762311
                               20010625 (9)
ΑI
       WO 1999-IB1444
                               19990608
                               20010625 PCT 371 date
PRAI
       US 1998-95653P
                           19980807 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
      Primary Examiner: Myers, Carla J.
LREP
       Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik
       Number of Claims: 30
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 23
DRWN
       1 Drawing Figure(s); 5 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 7107
AB
       The invention concerns genomic and cDNA sequences of the human TBC-1
       Gene: The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by the TBC-1
       gene. The invention also deals with antibodies directed specifically
       against such polypeptides that are useful as diagnostic reagents. The
       invention further encompasses biallelic markers of the TBC-1 gene useful
       in genetic analysis.
     ANSWER 11 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
L8
AN
       2004:167979 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Polymorphic markers of prostate carcinoma tumor antigen-1(PCTA-1)
IN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Genset S.A., FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 6759192
                               20040706
                          В1
ΑI
       US 1999-326402
                               19990604 (9)
PRAI
       US 1998-102324P
                           19980928 (60)
       US 1998-88187P
                           19980605 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Allen, Marianne P.; Assistant Examiner: Mahatan,
       Channing S.
LREP
       Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 22
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       11 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 14546
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       The invention concerns the geNo.mic sequence and cDNA sequences of the
       PCTA-1 gene. The invention also concerns biallelic markers of the PCTA-1
       gene and the association established between these markers and prostate
       cancer. The invention provides means to determine the predisposition of
       individuals to prostate cancer as well as means for the diagNo.sis of
       prostate cancer and for the progNo.sis/detection of an eventual
       treatment response to agents acting against prostate cancer.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
r_8
     ANSWER 12 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:324607 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Biallelic markers derived from genomic regions carrying genes involved
       in arachidonic acid metabolism
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
TN
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Cohen, Annick, Paris, FRANCE
PΙ
       US 2003228582
                          A1
                               20031211
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US 6794143
                          B2
                                20040921
                               20020610 (10)
ΑI
       US 2002-170097
                          A1
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 2000-641638, filed on 16 Aug 2000, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6432648 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-502330, filed on
       11 Feb 2000, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-IB184,
       filed on 11 Feb 2000, UNKNOWN Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US
       1999-275267, filed on 23 Mar 1999, ABANDONED
PRAI
       US 1999-133200P
                           19990507 (60)
       US 1999-119917P
                           19990212 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 21
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 11720
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers
       derived from genes involved in arachidonic acid metabolism and from
       genomic regions flanking those genes. Primers hybridizing to regions
       flanking these biallelic markers are also provided. This invention also
       provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic
       acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the
       invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a
       statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a
       phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 13 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:312153 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Schizophrenia associated genes, proteins and biallelic markers
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Paris, FRANCE
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Bihain, Bernard, Cancale, FRANCE
       Essioux, Laurent, Paris, FRANCE
PA
       GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2003219750
                          A1
                               20031127
ΑI
       US 2002-147603
                               20020516 (10)
                          A1
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 2000-539333, filed on 30 Mar 2000, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6476208 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-416384, filed on
       12 Oct 1999, PENDING
PRAI
                           19990330 (60)
       US 1999-126903P
       US 1999-131971P
                           19990430 (60)
       US 1999-132065P
                           19990430 (60)
       US 1999-143928P
                           19990714 (60)
       US 1999-145915P
                           19990727 (60)
       US 1999-146453P
                           19990729 (60)
       US 1999-146452P
                           19990729 (60)
       US 1999-162288P
                           19991028 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
LREP
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 50
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       22 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 12578
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

The invention concerns the human sbg1, g34665, sbg2, g35017 and g35018 genes, polynucleotides, polypeptides biallelic markers, and human chromosome 13q31-q33 biallelic markers. The invention also concerns the association established between schizophrenia and bipolar disorder and the biallelic markers and the sbg1, g34665, sbg2, g35017 and g35018 genes and nucleotide sequences. The invention provides means to identify compounds useful in the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and related diseases, means to determine the predisposition of individuals to said disease as well as means for the disease diagnosis and prognosis.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
L8
     ANSWER 14 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:306387 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Detection of nucleic acid reactions on bead arrays
TN
       Gunderson, Kevin, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
       Stuelpnagel, John R., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
       Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES
PΙ
       US 2003215821
                          A1
                                20031120
       US 2002-264571
ΑI
                          Α1
                                20021004 (10)
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-553993, filed on 20 Apr 2000, PENDING
RLI
       US 1999-135123P
PRAI
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-160917P
                            19991022 (60)
       US 1999-135051P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-161148P
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-130089P
                           19990420 (60)
       US 1999-160027P
                           19991018 (60)
       US 1999-135053P
                           19990520 (60)
       Utility
DT
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       Vicki G. Norton, Esq., BROBECK, PHLEGER & HARRISON LLP, 12390 El Camino
       Real, San Diego, CA, 92130
       Number of Claims: 14
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       19 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 6549
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
```

The present invention is directed to methods and compositions for the use of microsphere arrays to detect and quantify a number of nucleic acid reactions. The invention finds use in genotyping, i.e. the determination of the sequence of nucleic acids, particularly alterations such as nucleotide substitutions (mismatches) and single nucleotide polymorphisms (SNPs). Similarly, the invention finds use in the detection and quantification of a nucleic acid target using a variety of amplification techniques, including both signal amplification and target amplification. The methods and compositions of the invention can be used in nucleic acid sequencing reactions as well. All applications can include the use of adapter sequences to allow for universal arrays.

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rs
      ANSWER 15 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
        2003:294280 USPATFULL
        Detection of nucleic acid reactions on bead arrays
TI
IN
        Gunderson, Kevin, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
        Stuelpnagel, John R., Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
        Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES
PΤ
        US 2003207295
                                20031106
                           Α1
ΑI
       US 2002-264574
                           Α1
                                20021004 (10)
        Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-553993, filed on 20 Apr 2000, PENDING
RLT
PRAI
       US 1999-135123P
                            19990520 (60)
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US 1999-160917P
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-135051P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-161148P
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-130089P
                           19990420 (60)
       US 1999-160027P
                           19991018 (60)
       US 1999-135053P
                           19990520 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       Vicki G. Norton, Esq., BROBECK, PHLEGER & HARRISON LLP, 12390 El Camino
       Real, San Diego, CA, 92130
       Number of Claims: 14
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       26 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 6546
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention is directed to methods and compositions for the
       use of microsphere arrays to detect and quantify a number of nucleic
       acid reactions. The invention finds use in genotyping, i.e. the
       determination of the sequence of nucleic acids, particularly alterations
       such as nucleotide substitutions (mismatches) and single nucleotide
       polymorphisms (SNPs). Similarly, the invention finds use in the
       detection and quantification of a nucleic acid target using a variety of
       amplification techniques, including both signal amplification and target
       amplification. The methods and compositions of the invention can be used
       in nucleic acid sequencing reactions as well. All applications can
       include the use of adapter sequences to allow for universal arrays.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 16 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
^{18}
ΑN
       2003:271033 USPATFULL
TΙ
       Polymorphic markers of the LSR gene
IN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Bouqueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Bihain, Bernard, Cancale, FRANCE
PA
       GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2003190636
                          A1
                               20031009
ΑI
       US 2002-214684
                          Α1
                               20020807 (10)
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 2000-499522, filed on 10 Feb 2000, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6479238
                           19990210 (60)
PRAI
       US 1999-119592P
       US 1999-144784P
                           19990720 (60)
       Utility
DΤ
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       Frank C. Eisenschenk, Ph.D., SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, Suite A-1,
       2421 N.W. 41st Street, Gainesville, FL, 32606-6669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 32
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 7569
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       The invention provides novel LSR genomic sequences, polypeptides,
       antibodies, and polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from
       the LSR locus. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic
       markers are also provided. This invention also provides polynucleotides
       and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for
       one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention
```

provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic

marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

haplotype and a phenotype.

```
^{18}
     ANSWER 17 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2003:244238 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Nucleic acid encoding a retinoblastoma binding protein (RBP-7) and
       polymorphic markers associated with said nucleic acid
       Bouqueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
IN
       GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE, 75008 (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
PI
       US 2003170647
                          A1
                               20030911
                               20020420 (10)
ΑI
       US 2002-126704
                          Α1
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 1999-345882, filed on 30 Jun 1999, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6399373
       US 1998-91315P
                           19980630 (60)
PRAI
       US 1998-111909P
                           19981210 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 28
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
       2 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 9151
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention is directed to a polynucleotide comprising open
AΒ
       reading frames defining a coding region encoding a retinoblastoma
       binding protein (RBP-7) as well as regulatory regions located both at
       the 5'en d and the 3' end of said coding region. The present invention
       also pertains to a polynucleotide carrying the natural regulation
       signals of the RBP-7 gene which is useful in order to express a
       heterologous nucleic acid in host cells or host organisms as well as
       functionally active regulatory polynucleotides derived from said
       regulatory region. The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by
       the coding region of the RBP-7 gene. The invention also deals with
       antibodies directed specifically against such polypeptides that are
       useful as diagnostic reagents. The invention also comprises genetic
       markers, namely biallelic markers, that are means that may be useful for
       the diagnosis of diseases related to an alteration in the regulation or
       in the coding regions of the RBP-7 gene and for the prognosis/diagnosis
       of an eventual treatment with therapeutic agents, especially agents
       acting on pathologies involving abnormal cell proliferation and/or
       abnormal cell differentiation
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 18 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:237669 USPATFULL
ΤI
       PG-3 and biallelic markers thereof
IN
       Barry, Caroline, Les Ulis, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
PΤ
       US 2003165826
                          A1
                               20030904
ΑI
       US 2001-790289
                          A1
                               20010221 (9)
RLT
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-IB1098, filed on 28 Jul 2000,
       UNKNOWN
PRAI
       US 1999-149941P
                           19990819 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W.
LREP
       41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669
       Number of Claims: 13
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       4 Drawing Page(s)
```

LN.CNT 14935

The invention concerns the genomic sequence and cDNA sequences of the PG-3 gene. The invention also concerns biallelic markers of the PG-3 gene. The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by the PG-3 gene. The invention also deals with antibodies directed specifically against such polypeptides that are useful as diagnostic reagents.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
L8 ANSWER 19 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN AN 2003:194480 USPATFULL TI Polymorphism detection
```

IN Lipshutz, Robert J., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES
Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES
Cronin, Maureen T., Los Altos, CA, UNITED STATES
Fodor, Stephen P.A., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES
Hubbell, Earl A., Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES
Morris, MacDonald S., Altherton, CA, UNITED STATES
Miyada, Charles Garrett, San Jose, CA, UNITED STATES

PA Affymetrix, Inc., Santa Clara, CA, UNITED STATES, 95051 (U.S. corporation)

PI US 2003134291 A1 20030717 AI US 2002-113885 A1 20020328 (10)

RLI Continuation of Ser. No. US 1998-15263, filed on 29 Jan 1998, ABANDONED Division of Ser. No. US 1995-563762, filed on 29 Nov 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5858659 Division of Ser. No. US 1995-441887, filed on 16 May 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5837832 Continuation of Ser. No. US 1993-143312, filed on 26 Oct 1993, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-82937, filed on 25 Jun 1993, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-544381, filed on 10 Oct 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6027880 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-510521, filed on 2 Aug 1995, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1994-US12305, filed on 26 Oct 1994, PENDING Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1994-284064, filed on 2 Aug 1994, ABANDONED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1993-143312, filed on 26 Oct 1993, ABANDONED

DT Utility

FS APPLICATION

LREP HAMILTON, BROOK, SMITH & REYNOLDS, P.C., 530 VIRGINIA ROAD, P.O. BOX 9133, CONCORD, MA, 01742

CLMN Number of Claims: 6 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 7 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 758

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention generally provides a rapid efficient method for analyzing polymorphic or biallelic markers, and arrays for carrying out these analyses. In general, the methods of the present invention employ arrays of oligonucleotide probes that are complementary to target nucleic acids which correspond to the marker sequences of an individual. The probes are typically arranged in detection blocks, each block being capable of discriminating the three genotypes for a given marker, e.g., the heterozygote or either of the two homozygotes. The method allows for rapid, automatable analysis of genetic linkage to even complex polygenic traits.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L8 ANSWER 20 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
```

AN 2003:159269 USPATFULL

Nucleic acid encoding a retinoblastoma binding protein (RBP-7) and polymorphic markers associated with said nucleic acid

IN Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND

```
PA
       GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 2003108882
                          A1
                                20030612
ΑI
       US 2002-71179
                          A1
                                20020319 (10)
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 1999-345882, filed on 30 Jun 1999, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6399373
       US 1998-91315P
PRAI
                            19980630 (60)
       US 1998-111909P
                           19981210 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., Genset Corp., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San
       Diego, CA, 92121-1609
       Number of Claims: 29
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 9173
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention is directed to a polynucleotide comprising open
       reading frames defining a coding region encoding a retinoblastoma
       binding protein (RBP-7) as well as regulatory regions located both at
       the 5' end and the 3' end of said coding region. The present invention
       also pertains to a polynucleotide carrying the natural regulation
       signals of the RBP-7 gene which is useful in order to express a
       heterologous nucleic acid in host cells or host organisms as well as
       functionally active regulatory polynucleotides derived from said
       regulatory region. The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by
       the coding region of the RBP-7 gene. The invention also deals with
       antibodies directed specifically against such polypeptides that are
       useful as diagnostic reagents. The invention also comprises genetic
       markers, namely biallelic markers, that are means that may be useful for
       the diagnosis of diseases related to an alteration in the regulation or
       in the coding regions of the RBP-7 gene and for the prognosis/diagnosis
       of an eventual treatment with therapeutic agents, especially agents
       acting on pathologies involving abnormal cell proliferation and/or
       abnormal cell differentiation.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 21 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:146220 USPATFULL
TI
       Nucleic acids encoding human CIDE-B protein and polymorphic markers
IN
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
PA
       GENSET, S.A., Paris, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
ΡI
       US 2003099965
                          A1
                               20030529
ΑI
       US 2002-117894
                          A1
                               20020620 (10)
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 2001-807166, filed on 10 Sep 2001, GRANTED, Pat.
       No. US 6472517
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       John Lucas, Ph.D., J.D., GENSET CORP., 10665 Sorrento Valley Road, San
       Diego, CA, 92121-1609
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 40
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
       1 Drawing Page(s)
DRWN
LN.CNT 3905
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention relates to a purified or isolated polynucleotide
AB
       encoding human CIDE B protein, the regulatory nucleic acids contained
       therein, polymorphic markers thereof, and the resulting encoded protein,
       as well as to methods and kits for detecting this polynucleotide and
       this protein. The present invention also pertains to a polynucleotide
       carrying the natural regulatory regions of the CIDE B gene which is
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useful, for example, to express a heterologous nucleic acid in host cells or host organisms as well as functionally active regulatory polynucleotides derived from said regulatory regions.

### CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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ANSWER 22 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
Г8
       2003:45471 USPATFULL
AN
ΤI
       Apolipoprotein A-IV-related protein: polypeptide, polynucleotide
       sequences and biallelic markers thereof
       Yen-Potin, Frances, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
TN
       Denison, Blake, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Milne Edwards, Jean Baptiste Dumas, Paris, FRANCE
       Bihain, Bernard, Carlsbad, CA, UNITED STATES
       Bour, Barbara, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Duclert, Aymeric, Saint-Maur, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
PΙ
       US 2003032783
                          A1
                               20030213
                               20010425 (9)
ΑI
       US 2001-842364
                          Α1
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-599362, filed on 21 Jun 2000, ABANDONED
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-469099, filed on 21 Dec 1999,
       ABANDONED
       WO 1999-IB2058
PRAI
                           19991220
       US 1998-113686P
                           19981222 (60)
       US 1999-141032P
                           19990625 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP, 2040 MAIN STREET, FOURTEENTH FLOOR,
       IRVINE, CA, 92614
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 17
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       16 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 10688
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides the genomic sequence of AA4RP, AA4RP cDNAs and
```

The invention provides the genomic sequence of AA4RP, AA4RP cDNAs and AA4RP polypeptides. Further the invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from the AA4RP gene and from genomic regions flanking the gene. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype. The invention also relates to diagnostic methods for determining whether an individual is at risk of developing a lipid metabolism related disorder and/or a liver related disorder as a result of a polymorphism in the AA4RP gene.

```
L8
     ANSWER 23 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2003:115714 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Schizophrenia associated gene, proteins and biallelic markers
TN
       Cohen, Daniel, Neuilly-sur-Seine, FRANCE
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Essioux, Laurent, Paris, FRANCE
PA
       Genset S.A., FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 6555316
                          В1
                               20030429
ΑI
       US 2000-679409
                               20001003 (9)
```

Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-539333, filed on 30 Mar 2000, RLI now patented, Pat. No. US 6476208 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-416384, filed on 12 Oct 1999 PRAI US 1999-168088P 19991130 (60) DT Utility FS GRANTED EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey LREP Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik Number of Claims: 40 CLMN Exemplary Claim: 1 ECL 20 Drawing Figure(s); 15 Drawing Page(s) DRWN LN.CNT 9055 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The invention concerns the human g35030 gene, polynucleotides, polypeptides biallelic markers, and human chromosome 13q31-q33 biallelic markers. The invention also concerns the association established between schizophrenia and bipolar disorder and the biallelic markers and the q35030 gene and nucleotide sequences. The invention provides means to identify compounds useful in the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and related diseases, means to determine the predisposition of individuals to said disease as well as means for the disease diagnosis and prognosis. CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. ANSWER 24 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN 1.8 AN 2003:81578 USPATFULL TIBiallelic markers for use in constructing a high density disequilibrium map of the human genome IN Cohen, Daniel, Neuilly-sur-Seine, FRANCE Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE PA Genset S.A., FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation) US 6537751 20030325 PΙ B1 US 1999-422978 19991020 (9) ΑI Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-298850, filed on 21 Apr 1999, RLI now abandoned Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-IB822, filed on 21 Apr 1999 PRAI US 1998-109732P 19981123 (60) US 1998-82614P 19980421 (60) DTUtility FS GRANTED EXNAM Primary Examiner: Jones, W. Gary; Assistant Examiner: Goldberg, Jeanine LREP Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik CLMN Number of Claims: 5 ECLExemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 18 Drawing Figure(s); 18 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 10067 CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT. The present invention relates to genomic maps comprising biallelic AB markers, new biallelic markers, and methods of using biallelic markers. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic markers are also provided: This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides a

number of methods utilizing the biallelic markers of the invention including methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.

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ANSWER 25 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
r_8
ΑN
       2003:60071 USPATFULL
TI
       Biallelic markers related to genes involved in drug metabolism
TN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Cohen, Annick, Paris, FRANCE
       Genset, S.A., FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PA
PΙ
       US 6528260
                               20030304
                          B1
                               20000927 (9)
ΑI
       US 2000-671317
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-536178, filed on 23 Mar 2000
PRAI
       US 1999-126269P
                        19990325 (60)
       US 1999-131961P
                           19990430 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Woodward, Michael P.; Assistant Examiner: Clow, Lou A
       Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 4
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       0 Drawing Figure(s); 0 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 8385
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers
       derived from genes involved in the biotransformation of xenobiotics such
       as drugs and from genomic regions flanking those genes. Primers
       hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic markers are also
       provided. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods
       suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more
       biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides
       methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker
       allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a
       phenotype.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 26 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:314664 USPATFULL
TI
       Detection of nucleic acid amplification reactions using bead arrays
TN
       Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, UNITED STATES
       Gunderson, Kevin, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
PA
       Illumina, Inc. (2)
PΙ
       US 2002177141
                               20021128
                          Α1
ΑI
       US 2001-21906
                          A1
                               20011212 (10)
RLI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 2000-517945, filed on 3 Mar 2000, GRANTED,
       Pat. No. US 6355431
                           19991022 (60)
PRAI
       US 1999-161148P
       US 1999-135051P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-160027P
                           19991018 (60)
       US 1999-130089P
                           19990420 (60)
       US 1999-135053P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-135123P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-160927P
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-160917P
                           19991022 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
       FLEHR HOHBACH TEST ALBRITTON & HERBERT LLP, Suite 3400, Four Embarcadero
LREP
       Center, San Francisco, CA, 94111-4187
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 26
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3743
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
```

The invention relates to compositions and methods for detecting and AB quantifying a target nucleic acid using a variety of both signal amplification and target amplification techniques.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
ANSWER 27 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
L8
AN
       2002:295295 USPATFULL
TΙ
       Prostate cancer gene
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Neuilley sur Seine, FRANCE
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
PΙ
       US 2002165345
                          A1
                               20021107
ΑI
       US 2001-853526
                          A1
                               20010827 (9)
RLI
       Division of Ser. No. US 1999-338907, filed on 23 Jun 1999, PATENTED
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-218207, filed on 22 Dec 1998,
       PATENTED Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-996306, filed on 22
       Dec 1997, PATENTED
PRAI
       US 1998-99658P
                           19980909 (60)
       Utility
DT
FS
       APPLICATION
       Frank C. Eisenchenk, Ph.D., Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik, Suite A-1,
LREP
       2421 N.W. 41st Street, Gainesville, FL, 32606-6669
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 49
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       26 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 8016
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention relates to PG1, a gene associated with prostate
       cancer. The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic
```

AB markers derived from PG1 and from flanking genomic regions. Primers hybridizing to these biallelic markers and regions flanking are also provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and prostate cancer and between a haplotype and prostate cancer. The invention also relates to diagnostic methods of determining whether an individual is at risk for developing prostate cancer, and whether an individual suffers from prostate cancer as a result of a mutation in the PG1 gene.

```
L8
     ANSWER 28 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2002:259377 USPATFULL
TI
       Methods and compositions for inhibiting neoplastic cells growth
IN
       Yen, Frances, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Denison, Blake, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Bour, Barbara, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       Bihain, Bernard, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
       Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas Milne, Paris, FRANCE
       Duclert, Aymeric, Saint-Maur, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND
       Ebbets-Reed, Dana, Encinitas, CA, UNITED STATES
       Salter-Cid, Luisa, San Diego, CA, UNITED STATES
       US 2002142949
PΙ
                          A1
                               20021003
       US 2004204349
                          Α9
                               20041014
       US 2000-751877
ΑI
                          A1
                               20001228 (9)
DΤ
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
```

LREP GENSET, JOHN LUCAS, PHD, J.D., 10665 SORRENTO VALLEY RD, SAN DIEGO, CA, 92121

CLMN Number of Claims: 11 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 11 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 11080

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention provides the genomic sequence of GSSP-2, GSSP-2 cDNAs and GSSP-2 polypeptides. Further the invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from the GSSP-2 gene and from genomic regions flanking the gene. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid molecule containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype. The invention also concerns methods and compositions for killing neoplastic cells or inhibiting neoplastic cell growth. In particular, the present invention concerns cell proliferation arresting/inhibiting and apoptosis/necrosis inducing compositions and methods for the treatment of tumors. The present invention is directed to novel polypeptides and to nucleic acid molecules encoding those polypeptides.

#### CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 29 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:221321 USPATFULL

TI Prostate cancer gene

IN Cohen, Daniel, Nevilly Sur Seine, FRANCE
Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE

PI US 2002119460 A1 20020829 AI US 2001-901484 A1 20010709 (9)

RLI Division of Ser. No. US 1999-338907, filed on 23 Jun 1999, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6265546 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-218207, filed on 22 Dec 1998, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 6346381 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-996306, filed on 22 Dec 1997, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5945522 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2001-853526, filed on 27 Aug 2001, PENDING

PRAI US 1998-99658P 19980909 (60)

DT Utility FS APPLICATION

LREP SALIWANCHIK LLOYD & SALIWANCHIK, A PROFESSIONAL ASSOCIATION, 2421 N.W. 41ST STREET, SUITE A-1, GAINESVILLE, FL, 326066669

CLMN Number of Claims: 49 ECL Exemplary Claim: 1 DRWN 30 Drawing Page(s) LN.CNT 8051

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to PGI, a gene associated with prostate cancer. The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from PGI and from flanking genomic regions. Primers hybridizing to these biallelic markers and regions flanking are also provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and prostate cancer and between a haplotype and prostate cancer. The invention also relates to diagnostic methods of determining whether an individual is at risk for developing prostate cancer, and whether an individual suffers from prostate cancer as a result of a mutation in the

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

AΒ

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ANSWER 30 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
1.8
AN
       2002:185584 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Polymorphism detection
       Lipshutz, Robert J., Palo Alto, CA, UNITED STATES
IN
       Sapolsky, Ronald, Mountain View, CA, UNITED STATES
       Ghandour, Ghassan, Atherton, CA, UNITED STATES
       US 2002098496
                          A1
                               20020725
PI
       US 6586186
                          В2
                               20030701
       US 2001-939119
                          A1
                               20010824 (9)
ΑI
       Continuation of Ser. No. US 1997-853370, filed on 8 May 1997, GRANTED,
RLI
       Pat. No. US 6300063 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-563762,
       filed on 29 Nov 1995, GRANTED, Pat. No. US 5858659
                           19960510 (60)
PRAI
       US 1996-17260P
       Utility
DТ
FS
       APPLICATION
       RITTER, LANG & KAPLAN, 12930 SARATOGA AE. SUITE D1, SARATOGA, CA, 95070
LREP
       Number of Claims: 17
CLMN
       Exemplary Claim: 1
ECL
DRWN
       10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 885
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention generally provides a rapid efficient method for
AB
       analyzing polymorphic or biallelic markers, and arrays for carrying out
       these analyses. In general, the methods of the present invention employ
       arrays of oligonucleotide probes that are complementary to
       target nucleic acids which correspond to the marker sequences of an
       individual. The probes are typically arranged in detection
       blocks, each block being capable of discriminating the three genotypes
       for a given marker, e.g., the heterozygote or either of the two
       homozygotes. The method allows for rapid, automatable analysis of
       genetic linkage to even complex polygenic traits.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 31 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:156985 USPATFULL
ΑN
TI
       GENES, PROTEINS AND BIALLELIC MARKERS RELATED TO CENTRAL NERVOUS SYSTEM
       DISEASE
IN
       BLUMENFELD, MARTA, PARIS, FRANCE
       BOUGUELERET, LYDIE, VANVES, FRANCE
       CHUMAKOV, ILYA, VAUX-LE-PENIL, FRANCE
       ESSIOUX, LAURENT, PARIS, FRANCE
       COHEN, DANIEL, NEUILLY-SUR-SEINE, FRANCE
       US 2002081584
PΙ
                          A1
                               20020627
ΑI
       US 1999-416384
                          Α1
                               19991012 (9)
PRAI
       US 1998-103955P
                           19981013 (60)
       US 1998-106457P
                           19981030 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       APPLICATION
LREP
       KNOBBE MARTENS OLSON & BEAR LLP, 620 NEWPORT CENTER DRIVE, SIXTEENTH
       FLOOR, NEWPORT BEACH, CA, 92660
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 57
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       12 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 10828
```

The invention concerns genes, polymorphisms and polypeptides related to

central nervous systems disease. Included are the G713 gene, the G713

protein and G713 biallelic markers, as well as biallelic markers located on the human chromosome 13q31-q33 locus, and the association established between these biallelic markers and schizophrenia. The invention also provides means to determine the predisposition of individuals to schizophrenia as well as means for the diagnosis of this disease and for the prognosis and detection of an eventual treatment response to therapeutic agents acting against schizophrenia

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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L8
     ANSWER 32 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:297416 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Polymorphic markers of the LSR gene
IN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Bihain, Bernard, Encinitas, CA, United States
                               20021112
PΙ
       US 6479238
                          В1
       US 2000-499522
                               20000210 (9)
ΑI
                           19990210 (60)
       US 1999-119592P
PRAI
       US 1999-144784P
                           19990720 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Ketter, James
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 21
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       17 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 7336
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides novel LSR genomic sequences, polypeptides,
       antibodies, and polynucleotides including biallelic markers derived from
       the LSR locus. Primers hybridizing to regions flanking these biallelic
       markers are also provided. This invention also provides polynucleotides
       and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for
       one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention
       provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic
      marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker
       haplotype and a phenotype.
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L8
     ANSWER 33 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
ΑN
       2002:291075 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Schizophrenia associated genes, proteins and biallelic markers
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Neuilly-Sue-Seine, FRANCE
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Bihain, Bernard, Encinitas, CA, United States
       Essioux, Laurent, Paris, FRANCE
PA
       Genset, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 6476208
                               20021105
                          В1
ΑI
       US 2000-539333
                                20000330 (9)
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-416384, filed on 12 Oct 1999
PRAI
       US 1999-126903P
                           19990330 (60)
       US 1999-131971P
                           19990430 (60)
       US 1999-132065P
                           19990430 (60)
       US 1999-143928P
                           19990714 (60)
       US 1999-145915P
                           19990727 (60)
       US 1999-146453P
                           19990729 (60)
       US 1999-146452P
                           19990729 (60)
       US 1999-162288P
                           19991028 (60)
DT
       Utility
```

FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey

LREP Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik

CLMN Number of Claims: 21

Exemplary Claim: 1

DRWN 27 Drawing Figure(s); 22 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 10859

ECL

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The invention concerns the human sbg1, g34665, sbg2, g35017 and g35018 genes, polynucleotides, polypeptides biallelic markers, and human chromosome 13q31-q33 biallelic markers. The invention also concerns the association established between schizophrenia and bipolar disorder and the biallelic markers and the sbg1, g34665, sbg2, g35017 and g35018 genes and nucleotide sequences. The invention provides means to identify compounds useful in the treatment of schizophrenia, bipolar disorder and related diseases, means to determine the predisposition of individuals to said disease as well as means for the disease diagnosis and prognosis.

### CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 34 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:283364 USPATFULL

TI Nucleic acids encoding human CIDE-B protein and polymorphic markers thereof

IN Bougueleret, Lydie, Petit Lancy, SWITZERLAND

PA Genset S.A., Paris, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 6472517 B1 20021029

WO 2000021984 20000420

AI US 2001-807166 20010910 (9)

WO 1999-IB8901702 19991008

PRAI US 1998-103729P 19981009 (60)

DT Utility FS GRANTED

EXNAM Primary Examiner: Myers, Carla J.

LREP Lucas, John, Johns, Carol

CLMN Number of Claims: 68

ECL Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN 1 Drawing Figure(s); 1 Drawing Page(s)

LN.CNT 4016

CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

The present invention relates to a purified or isolated polynucleotide encoding human CIDE B protein, the regulatory nucleic acids contained therein, polymorphic markers thereof, and the resulting encoded protein, as well as to methods and kits for detecting this polynucleotide and this protein. The present invention also pertains to a polynucleotide carrying the natural regulatory regions of the CIDE B gene which is useful, for example, to express a heterologous nucleic acid in host cells or host organisms as well as functionally active regulatory polynucleotides derived from said regulatory regions.

### CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

L8 ANSWER 35 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN

AN 2002:246560 USPATFULL

TI Methods and compositions for inhibiting neoplastic cell growth

IN Edwards, Jean-Baptiste Dumas Milne, Paris, FRANCE

Duclert, Aymeric, Saint-Maur, FRANCE

Bougueleret, Lydie, PetitLancy, SWITZERLAND

Clusel, Catherine, Montreuil-sous-Bois, FRANCE

PA Genset S.A., Paris, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)

PI US 6455280 . B1 20020924

```
Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 2000-599362, filed on 21 Jun 2000
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 2000-IB1011, filed on 21 Jun 2000
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-469099, filed on 21 Dec 1999 Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. WO 1999-IB2058, filed on 20 Dec 1999
       US 1999-141032P
                            19990625 (60)
PRAI
       US 1998-113686P
                            19981222 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
      Primary Examiner: Bansal, Geetha P.; Assistant Examiner: Davis, Natalie
EXNAM
       Lucas, John M., Follette, Peter, Voellmy, Lukas R.
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 2
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       11 Drawing Figure(s); 11 Drawing Page(s)
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AΒ
       The invention provides the genomic sequence of GSSP-2, GSSP-2 cDNAs and
       GSSP-2 polypeptides. Further the invention provides polynucleotides
       including biallelic markers derived from the GSSP-2 gene and from
       genomic regions flanking the gene. This invention also provides
       polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid
       molecule containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the
       invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a
       statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a
       phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.
       The invention also concerns methods and compositions for killing
       neoplastic cells or inhibiting neoplastic cell growth. In particular,
       the present invention concerns cell proliferation arresting/inhibiting
       and apoptosis/necrosis inducing compositions and methods for the
       treatment of tumors. The present invention is directed to novel
       polypeptides and to nucleic acid molecules encoding those polypeptides.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 36 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
ΑN
       2002:201845 USPATFULL
TΙ
       Biallelic markers derived from genomic regions carrying genes involved
       in arachidonic acid metabolism
IN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Cohen, Annick, Paris, FRANCE
PA
       Genset, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 6432648
                          в1
                                20020813
ΑI
       US 2000-641638
                                20000816 (9)
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 502330, now abandoned
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1999-275267, filed on 23 Mar 1999,
       now abandoned
PRAI
       US 1999-133200P
                            19990507 (60)
       US 1999-119917P
                            19990212 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
      Primary Examiner: Brusca, John S.
LREP
       Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 7
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       3 Drawing Figure(s); 3 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 9217
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic markers
       derived from genes involved in arachidonic acid metabolism and from
```

genomic regions flanking those genes. Primers hybridizing to regions

20001228 (9)

US 2000-750580

ΑI

flanking these biallelic markers are also provided. This invention also provides polynucleotides and methods suitable for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker allele and a phenotype and/or between a biallelic marker haplotype and a phenotype.

## CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

```
ANSWER 37 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
1.8
       2002:129784 USPATFULL
AN
       Nucleic acid encoding a retinoblastoma binding protein (RBP-7) and
ΤI
       polymorphic markers associated with said nucleic acid
IN
       Bouqueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
       Genset, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
PΑ
PΙ
       US 6399373
                          В1
                                20020604
ΑI
       US 1999-345882
                                19990630 (9)
       US 1998-91315P
                           19980630 (60)
PRAI
       US 1998-111909P
                           19981210 (60)
DT
       Utility
       GRANTED
FS
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Yucel, Remy; Assistant Examiner: Katcheves,
       Konstantina
       Saliwanchik, Lloyd & Saliwanchik
LREP
       Number of Claims: 37
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       2 Drawing Figure(s); 2 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 9924
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
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The present invention is directed to a polynucleotide comprising open AB reading frames defining a coding region encoding a retinoblastoma binding protein (RBP-7) as well as regulatory regions located both at the 5' end and the 3' end of said coding region. The present invention also pertains to a polynucleotide carrying the natural regulation signals of the RBP-7 gene which is useful in order to express a heterologous nucleic acid in host cells or host organisms as well as functionally active regulatory polynucleotides derived from said regulatory region. The invention also concerns polypeptides encoded by the coding region of the RBP-7 gene. The invention also deals with antibodies directed specifically against such polypeptides that are useful as diagnostic reagents. The invention also comprises genetic markers, namely biallelic markers, that are means that may be useful for the diagnosis of diseases related to an alteration in the regulation or in the coding regions of the RBP-7 gene and for the prognosis/diagnosis of an eventual treatment with therapeutic agents, especially agents acting on pathologies involving abnormal cell proliferation and/or abnormal cell differentiation.

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L8
     ANSWER 38 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
       2002:50784 USPATFULL
ΑN
TI
       Detection of nucleic acid amplification reactions using bead arrays
IN
       Chee, Mark S., Del Mar, CA, United States
       Gunderson, Kevin, Encinitas, CA, United States
PA
       Illumina, Inc., San Diego, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PΤ
       US 6355431
                          В1
                                20020312
       US 2000-517945
ΑI
                                20000303 (9)
       US 1999-161148P
PRAI
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-135051P
                           19990520 (60)
       US 1999-160927P
                           19991022 (60)
       US 1999-130089P
                           19990420 (60)
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19990520 (60)
       US 1999-135053P
                            19991022 (60)
       US 1999-160917P
       US 1999-135123P
                            19990520 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Horlick, Kenneth R.; Assistant Examiner: Strzelecka,
       Silva, Robin M., Flehr Hohbach Test Albritton & Herbert LLP
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 35
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       17 Drawing Figure(s); 9 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 3818
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The invention relates to compositions and methods for detecting and
       quantifying a target nucleic acid using a variety of both signal
       amplification and target amplification techniques.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
     ANSWER 39 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
T.8
       2002:29243 USPATFULL
AN
TI
       Prostate cancer gene
       Cohen, Daniel, Fontenay-sous-bois, FRANCE
TN
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, FRANCE
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, FRANCE
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, FRANCE
PA
       Genset, FRANCE (non-U.S. corporation)
                          В1
PΙ
       US 6346381
                                20020212
                                19981222 (9)
ΑI
       US 1998-218207
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-996306, filed on 22 Dec 1997,
       now patented, Pat. No. US 5945522
       US 1998-99658P
PRAI
                            19980909 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
       Primary Examiner: Fredman, Jeffrey
       Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear, LLP
LREP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 22
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       28 Drawing Figure(s); 26 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 17612
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention relates to PG1, a gene associated with prostate
AB
       cancer. The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic
       markers derived from PG1 and from flanking genomic regions. Primers
       hybridizing to these biallelic markers and regions flanking are also
       provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable
       for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more
       biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides
       methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker
       allele and prostate cancer and between a haplotype and prostate cancer.
       The invention also relates to diagnostic methods of determining whether
       an individual is at risk for developing prostate cancer, and whether an
       individual suffers from prostate cancer as a result of a mutation in the
       PG1 gene.
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L8 ANSWER 40 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN 2001:173324 USPATFULL
TI Polymorphism detection
IN Lipshutz, Robert J., Palo Alto, CA, United States
Sapolsky, Ronald, Mountain View, CA, United States
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Ghandour, Ghassan, Atherton, CA, United States
       Affymetrix, Inc., Santa Clara, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
PA
                               20011009
       US 6300063
                          В1
PΙ
       US 1997-853370
                               19970508 (8)
ΑI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1995-563762, filed on 29 Nov 1995
RLI
                           19960510 (60)
PRAI
       US 1996-17260P
DT
       Utility
       GRANTED
FS
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Riley, Jezia
       Ritter, Lang & Kaplan LLP
LREP
       Number of Claims: 20
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       14 Drawing Figure(s); 10 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 1044
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention generally provides a rapid efficient method for
       analyzing polymorphic or biallelic markers, and arrays for carrying out
       these analyses. In general, the methods of the present invention employ
       arrays of oligonucleotide probes that are complementary to
       target nucleic acids which correspond to the marker sequences of an
       individual. The probes are typically arranged in detection
       blocks, each block being capable of discriminating the three genotypes
       for a given marker, e.g., the heterozygote or either of the two
       homozygotes. The method allows for rapid, automatable analysis of
       genetic linkage to even complex polygenic traits.
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
L8
     ANSWER 41 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
AN
       2001:117151 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Prostate cancer gene
IN
       Cohen, Daniel, Neuilly sur Seine, France
       Blumenfeld, Marta, Paris, France
       Chumakov, Ilya, Vaux-le-Penil, France
       Bougueleret, Lydie, Vanves, France
PA
       Genset, France (non-U.S. corporation)
PΙ
       US 6265546
                               20010724
                          В1
ΑI
       US 1999-338907
                               19990623 (9)
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1998-218207, filed on 22 Dec 1998
RLI
       Continuation-in-part of Ser. No. US 1997-996306, filed on 22 Dec 1997,
       now patented, Pat. No. US 5945522
       US 1998-99658P
PRAI
                           19980909 (60)
       US 1998-107986P
                           19981110 (60)
DT
       Utility
FS
       GRANTED
EXNAM
      Primary Examiner: Carlson, Karen Cochrane; Assistant Examiner: Robinson,
       Patricia
LREP
       Knobbe, Martens, Olson & Bear, LLP
CLMN
       Number of Claims: 21
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       31 Drawing Figure(s); 30 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 7782
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
AB
       The present invention relates to PG1, a gene associated with prostate
       cancer. The invention provides polynucleotides including biallelic
       markers derived from PG1 and from flanking genomic regions. Primers
       hybridizing to these biallelic markers and regions flanking are also
       provided. This invention provides polynucleotides and methods suitable
       for genotyping a nucleic acid containing sample for one or more
      biallelic markers of the invention. Further, the invention provides
      methods to detect a statistical correlation between a biallelic marker
       allele and prostate cancer and between a haplotype and prostate cancer.
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The invention also relates to diagnostic methods of determining whether an individual is at risk for developing prostate cancer, and whether an individual suffers from prostate cancer as a result of a mutation in the PG1 gene.

### CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.

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ANSWER 42 OF 42 USPATFULL on STN
L8
AN
       1999:4327 USPATFULL
ΤI
       Polymorphism detection
ΤN
       Sapolsky, Ronald J., Mountain View, CA, United States
       Lipshutz, Robert J., Palo Alto, CA, United States
PA
       Affymetrix, Inc., Santa Clara, CA, United States (U.S. corporation)
       US 5858659
                               19990112
       US 1995-563762
ΑI
                               19951129 (8)
DT
       Utility
FS
       Granted
EXNAM Primary Examiner: Marschel, Ardin H.; Assistant Examiner: Riley, Jezia
LREP
       Townsend & Townsend & Crew LLP
       Number of Claims: 10
CLMN
ECL
       Exemplary Claim: 1
DRWN
       10 Drawing Figure(s); 7 Drawing Page(s)
LN.CNT 932
CAS INDEXING IS AVAILABLE FOR THIS PATENT.
       The present invention generally provides a rapid efficient method for
       analyzing polymorphic or biallelic markers, and arrays for carrying out
       these analyses. In general, the methods of the present invention employ
       arrays of oligonucleotide probes that are complementary to
       target nucleic acids which correspond to the marker sequences of an
       individual. The probes are typically arranged in detection
      blocks, each block being capable of discriminating the three genotypes
```

for a given marker, e.g., the heterozygote or either of the two homozygotes. The method allows for rapid, automatable analysis of

genetic linkage to even complex polygenic traits.